Provider-Based Status under Siege: Do the Benefits Justify the Costs of Compliance?

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# Agenda

- Benefits and drawbacks of provider-based status
- Provider-based status overview of requirements
- CMS' implementation of Section 603 of the Bipartisan Budget Act
- Implications of recent changes for 340B utilization
- Commingled Space

# Provider-Based Status Overview

# CMS' Overarching Goal

CMS intends to pay for services under OPPS only when the hospital maintains the proper level of control over the quality of care and finances of the provider-based site.

#### Benefits and Drawbacks of Provider-Based Status

#### Benefits of Provider-Based Status

- Medicare/Medicaid payment amounts
- 340B drug discount program eligibility
- Bad debt payments
- Main provider/remote location DSH and IME payments
- Inclusion in main provider's third party payer contracts

#### Disadvantages of Provider-Based Status

- Duplicate coinsurance
- Physician dissatisfaction
- Ever evolving regulatory landscape
- Patient dissatisfaction

#### **Overview of Requirements**

#### Provider-Based Status Requirements: All Outpatient Clinics

- Common Licensure (if allowed by state law)
- Clinical Integration
  - Common medical staff privileges
  - Reporting to chief medical officer
  - Unified medical records
- Financial Integration
  - Proper location on the cost report
  - Consolidated revenues and expenses
- Public Awareness
  - Held out as part of the provider to public and third parties

#### Provider-Based Status Requirements: All Outpatient Clinics

- Physician Billing.
  - Correct site of service code
- Equal Billing Treatment.
  - All Medicare patients treated as hospital outpatients
  - Facility fee billed on UB-04; professional fee is billed on a 1500 with POS 19, 22, or 23
- Provider Agreement. Provider-based sites must comply with the terms of the provider agreement

#### Provider-Based Status Requirements: All Outpatient Clinics

- DRG Payment Window
- Beneficiary Notices
- Meet Hospital COPs

#### Additional Requirements: Off-Campus Entities

- Ownership and control
  - Hospital owns 100% of the business enterprise
  - Common governing body and policies
- Administrative Integration
  - Reporting to hospital chief administrative officer
  - Provider-based site obtains the following services from the hospital (or a third party servicing the hospital and clinic): billing; records; human resources; payroll; employee benefit package; salary structure; and purchasing

#### Additional Requirements: Off-Campus Entities

Location

- <u>35 Mile Rule</u>. Off-campus sites may qualify as provider-based if they are within 35 miles of the hospital.
- 75 Percent Tests. Determine whether servicing the same patient population.

#### Special Cases – Special Rules

#### Joint Ventures

On-campus JV allowed if:
On campus of provider/owner
Provider-based to one of the owners
No minimum ownership required

# Special Cases – Special Rules (cont.)

- Management Contracts
  - Provider must be in administrative, financial, and clinical control
  - Provider employs all patient care personnel (other than physicians and mid-level practitioners)
     Policies of provider control

Policies of provider control

# Special Cases – Special Rules (cont.)

- Stark Issues associated with JV's
  - CMS added in 2008 to the definition of a "DHS entity" the entity that *performs* the service, as well as the one that bills for it
    - This change renders it almost impossible for physicians to have an ownership interest in a JV that furnishes services under arrangements to a provider-based clinic
  - Question is what does it mean to "perform" or be a true "under arrangements" billing arrangement

# Special Cases – Special Rules (cont.)

- AKS issues associated with JV's are identified in OIG's Contractual Joint Venture Special Fraud Alert. Risk factors include:
  - Contractor that is otherwise a would-be competitor becomes the manager
  - The provider has little financial risk
  - Contractor is furnishing marketing services
- Question is one of actual involvement of the provider

#### **Approval Process**

- Prior approval of provider-based status is <u>not</u> required
- Attestation process
  - Voluntary\*
  - Eliminates risk of retrospective recoveries
  - Available only when there is a differential in payment

\* Note 21st Cures Act

BBA Section 603 Implementation What has Changed What Stayed the Same

#### Bipartisan Budget Act of 2015, Section 603

- As of 1/1/17, no "off-campus outpatient department of a provider" may bill under OPPS <u>unless:</u>
  - It is a "<u>dedicated emergency department</u>"(DED) or
  - 2. It is grandfathered
- Non-grandfathered sites need to bill under another payment system, which has been created by CMS

#### DED not subject to Site Neutrality

- > DED: Must meet at least one of the following:
  - State licensure as an emergency room or emergency department; <u>or</u>
  - Holding out to the public as a place that provides care for emergency medical conditions on an urgent basis without requiring an appointment; <u>or</u>
  - Provision of at least one-third of all of outpatient visits for the treatment of emergency medical conditions on an urgent basis without requiring a previously scheduled appointment.
- Final Rule: <u>All services</u> in the DED are exempt from site-neutrality, not just emergency services.

#### "On-Campus" Definition has New Importance

On-Campus <u>not</u> subject to site neutrality

- Buildings or structures within 250 yards from main building – Final Rule clarifies that 250 yards can be measured from anywhere at the building
- 250 yards from "remote location" also protected
- Final Rule provides no guidance for "on campus"

- remains an RO determination

# **On-Campus Definition**

"This definition would encompass not only institutions that are located in self-contained, well-defined settings, but other locations, such as in central city areas, where there may be a group of buildings that function as a campus but are not strictly contiguous and may even be crossed by public streets."

Fed Reg Vol. 65, No.68/April 2, 2000



### **Remote Locations**

- These are secondary campuses
- CMS RO determination as to whether campus must have inpatient acute care or can be entirely rehab, psych, etc.
- Unclear whether CMS's recent concerns with "micro-hospitals" applies
  - S&C Memo 17-44
  - Question of relative volumes of inpatient vs. outpatient services, based in part on ALOS and ADC data

#### Grandfathering of Off-Campus Sites

- How do off-campus sites get grandfathered?
  - If the "department of a provider . . . <u>was billing</u> under [OPPS] with respect to covered OPD services furnished prior to the date of the enactment of this paragraph" [*i.e.*, 11/2/15]

### Relocations

- Proposed and final rule generally preclude relocations
- CMS purports to base its policy on the definition of "department," which incorporates the physical facility (as well as the personnel and equipment)
  - Claims that therefore the location must remain "fixed"
- Overarching concern is with acquiring new physician practices
  - Fear is that, if relocate to a larger space, a site could bring in new physicians
- Must remain at site listed on 855
  - Specific down to the suite number (but no limitation as to how many interior walls can be torn down)
  - Exception proposed for natural disasters and changes in law

# Relocations (cont.)

- In the final rule, CMS identified that CMS ROs are to make the final determination, based on concerns relating to "significant public health or public safety issues."
  - Process has been described in informal guidance
  - CMS has issued an application
  - Must be submitted within 30 days of the date of the "extraordinary circumstance"
- CMS ROs are likely to implement inconsistently, and will likely be very hesitant to use authority, especially at first

# Relocations (cont.)

#### So what now?

- It's always worth asking the CMS RO if a relocation is acceptable whenever a relocation is necessary
- Expansions should be acceptable if they do not entail changing the site's address
- "Recycling" of provider-based sites should also be acceptable
- Relocations to the campus of a main provider or a remote location are acceptable
- Provider-based status is still available for relocated sites

# **Judicial Review Preclusion**

- No administrative or judicial review of:
  - Whether the services furnished are services of a dedicated emergency department
  - Whether a provider-based clinic is off-campus or on-campus
  - Whether a provider-based clinic benefits from grandfathered status
- Should still be able to appeal whether a site qualifies, and has always qualified, as provider-based
  - Remote locations have different appeal rights, depending upon the reason they are denied remote location status

#### Payments for Non-Grandfathered Sites

#### Hospitals bill under a new system

- Non-grandfathered sites are to use the modifier "PN"
- Grandfathered off-campus sites are to use the modifier "PO"
- Two copays will continue to be generated

# Payments for Non-Grandfathered Sites (cont.)

- Generally paid at 50% of the OPPS rate
  - Based on a "relativity" analysis using claims identified with the "PO" modifier
  - Proposed to be reduced to 25% of the OPPS rate
- Apply the same packaging rules as applied under OPPS
- Exceptions for
  - OT/PT/ST
  - Separately payable drugs
  - Preventive services
- No outlier payments, but silent as to bad debt

#### "Under Arrangements"

- CMS has not responded to comments regarding whether under arrangements billing is acceptable, even as to a new site
- CMS has for many years accepted that diagnostic services could qualify for OPPS billing even if furnished under arrangements

• This is consistent with the governing statute

 No reason to view the site where an under arrangements service is furnished as an offcampus provider-based department

# 21<sup>st</sup> Century Cures Act

- Mid-Build Protections
  - February 13, 2017 filing deadlines (certifications and attestations)
- Cancer Hospitals
  - 60-day deadlines for filing an attestation.

#### Implications for 340B Program of Provider-Based Status

# Implications for 340B Program

- 340B is a drug purchasing program, not a payment program
- Hospitals must qualify as "covered entities" in order to purchase drugs under the 340B program
- HRSA's historic guidance has stated that 340B drugs can only be administered in space that is on a reimbursable cost center
  - Must be identified as such on the cost report
  - Current view is that prescriptions filled at a contract pharmacy need to be written in provider-based space

#### Implications for 340B Program (cont.)

- Non-grandfathered sites will still qualify as provider-based
  - They will be identified on a reimbursable line on the cost report
  - They will have charges associated with services furnished at their location
- Questions remain as to what is absolutely necessary to qualify as a "reimbursable cost center"

#### Implications for 340B Program (cont.)

- CMS has proposed to reduce reimbursement for Part B drugs purchased under 340B to ASP – 22%
- Would remove pretty much the entire financial benefit of using these drugs in this setting
- Would likely have a cascading effect to include commercial insurance
- Would render the 340B Program meaningless, other than for contract pharmacy drugs
- Final rule due out at the end of the month

# Space Layout & Co-Location Issues

# **Co-Location Principle**

- July 2011 CMS RO Letter
- General principles:
  - All certified hospital space, departments, services, and/or locations must be 100% hospital usage 24/7
  - "Hospitals are not permitted to "carve-out" areas as non-hospital space"
  - Cannot be "part time" part of the hospital and "part time" another hospital, ASC, physician office, or any other activity"
- Flagged co-location with physician offices as issue
- CoP and provider-based violations at risk

# **Co-Location Principle**

- "indications that a purported hospital space may instead be a part of a larger component":
  - Shared entryway
  - Interior hallways
  - Bathroom facilities
  - Treatment rooms
  - Waiting rooms and
  - Registration areas

# **Questions?**

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